

Genome 540 Class 13

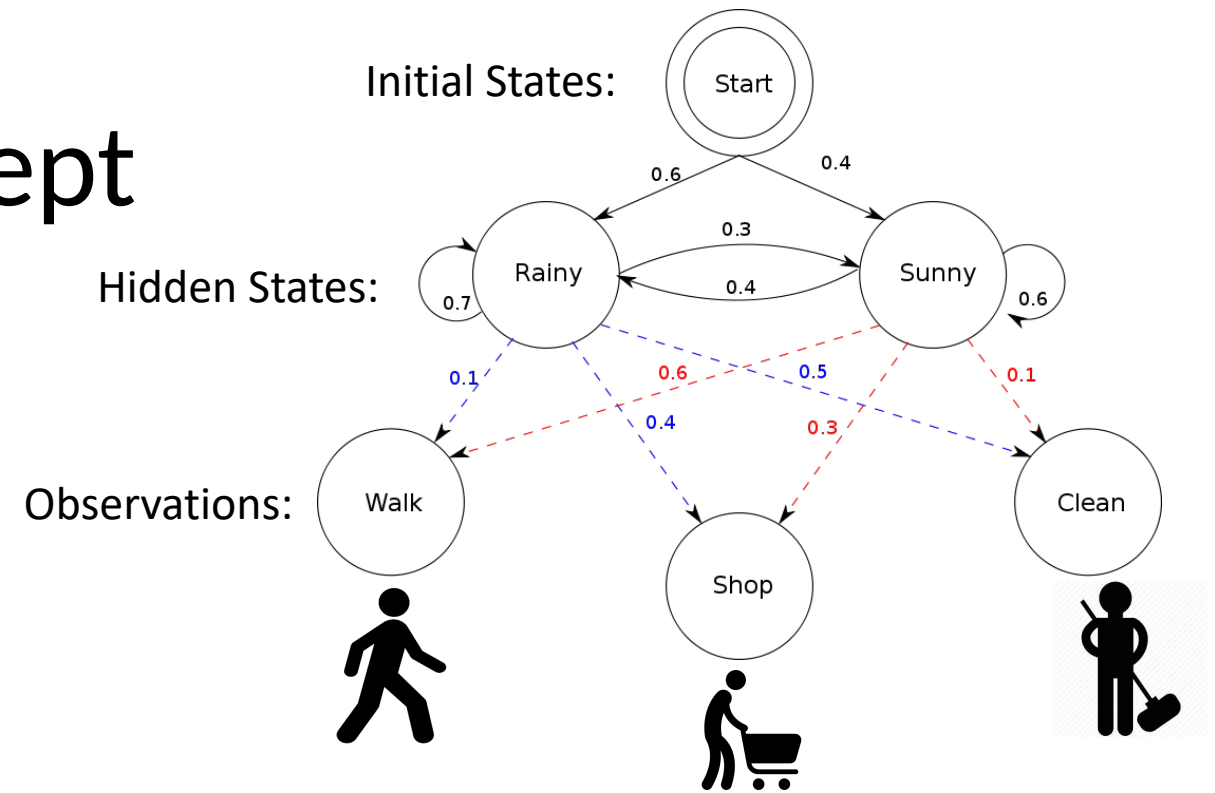
Chengxiang Qiu

Agenda

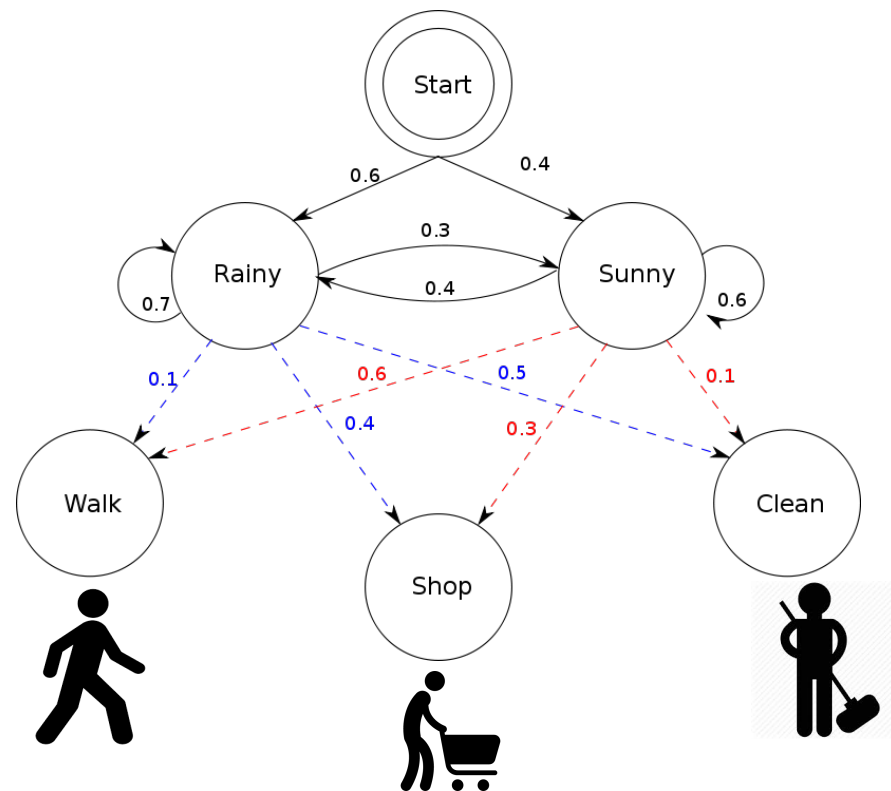
- HW5 questions?
- HMMs: general concept
 - General intuition for how it works
 - Understanding it in a genomic context

HMMs: General Concept

Can we predict what the weather was based on observing a person's behavior?



HMMs: General Concept



Observation List:

Day 1: Walk

Day 2: Walk

Day 3: Walk

Day 4: Walk

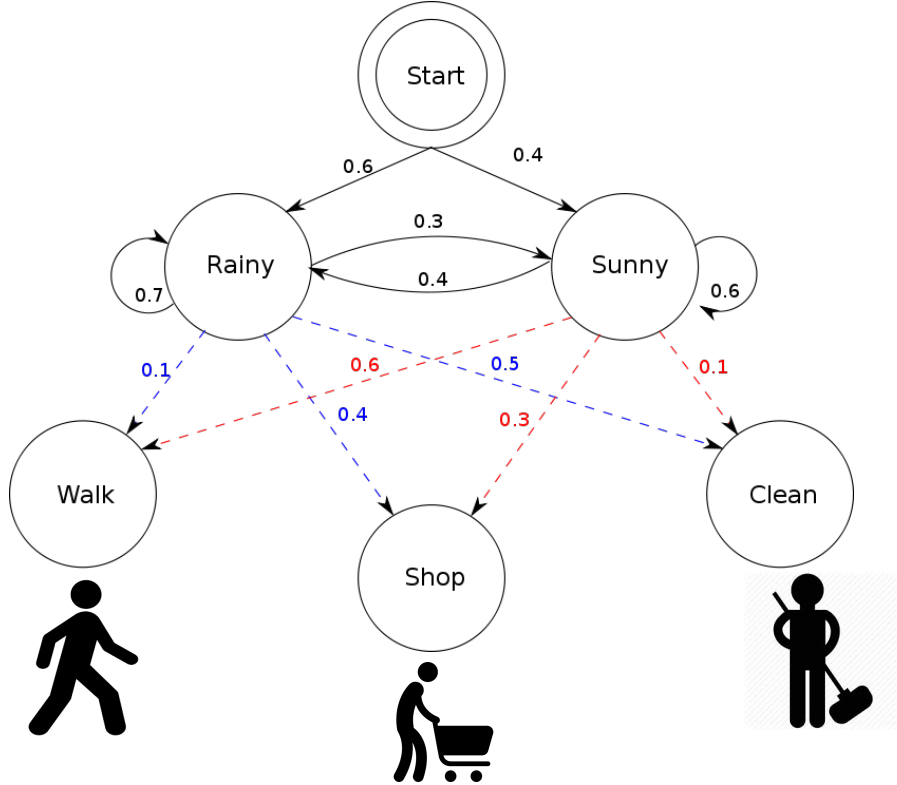
Day 5: Walk

Day 6: Walk

Day 7: Walk

Day 8: Walk

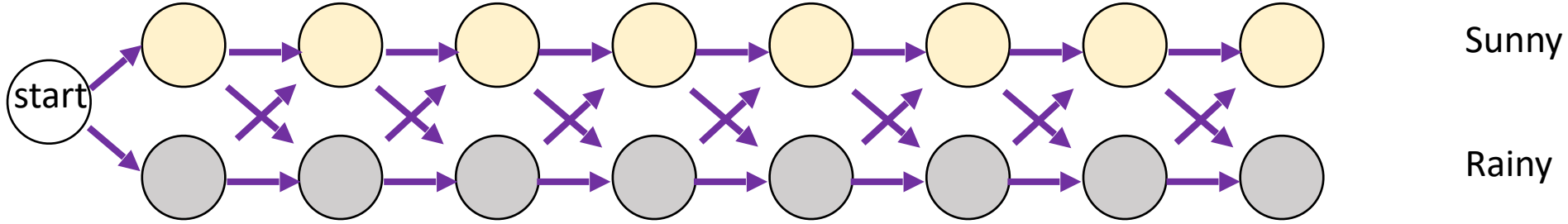
HMMs: General Concept



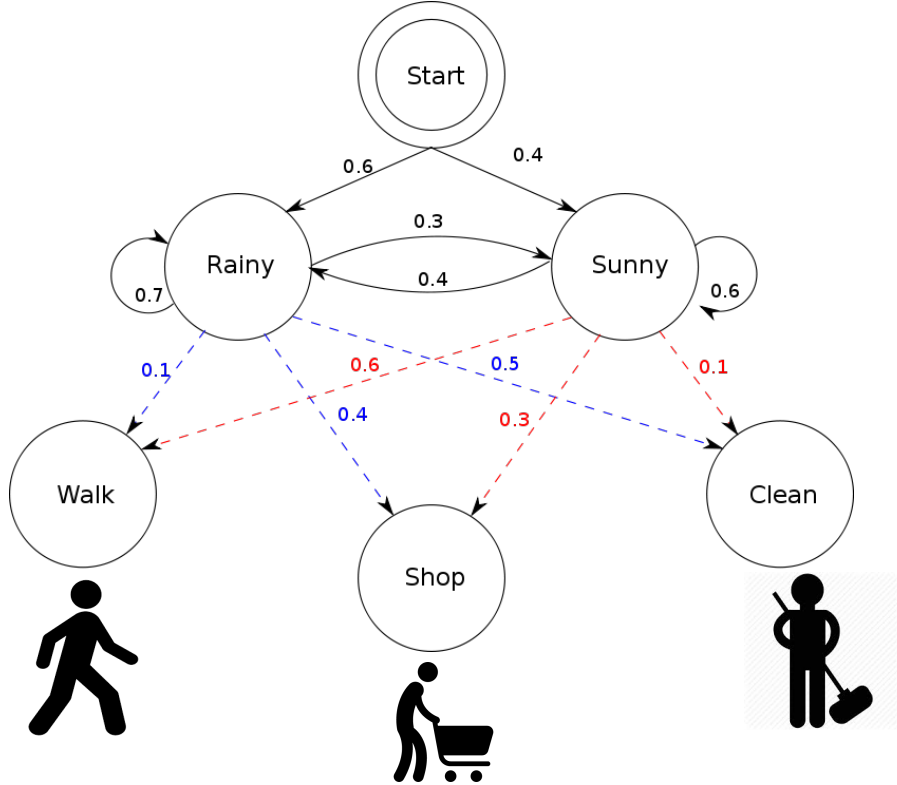
Observation List:

Day 1: Walk Day 2: Walk Day 3: Walk Day 4: Walk Day 5: Walk Day 6: Walk Day 7: Walk Day 8: Walk

All possible paths



HMMs: General Concept



Observation List:

Day 1: Walk

Day 2: Walk

Day 3: Walk

Day 4: Walk

Day 5: Walk

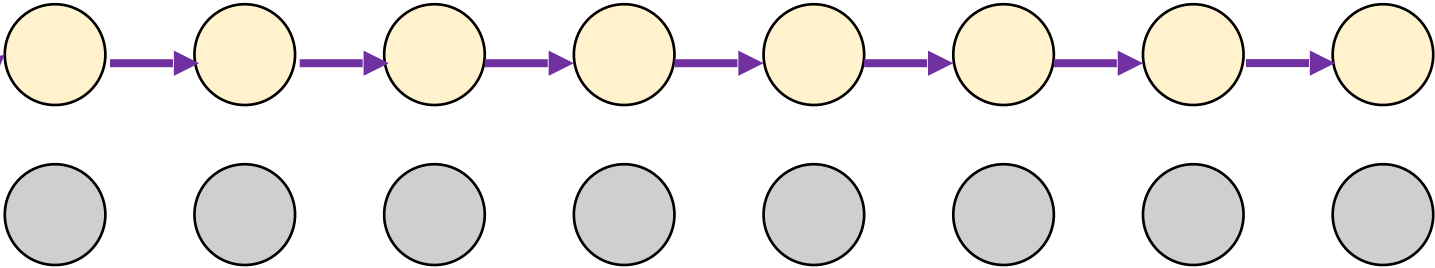
Day 6: Walk

Day 7: Walk

Day 8: Walk

Highest Weight Path
(i.e. most probable path)

start

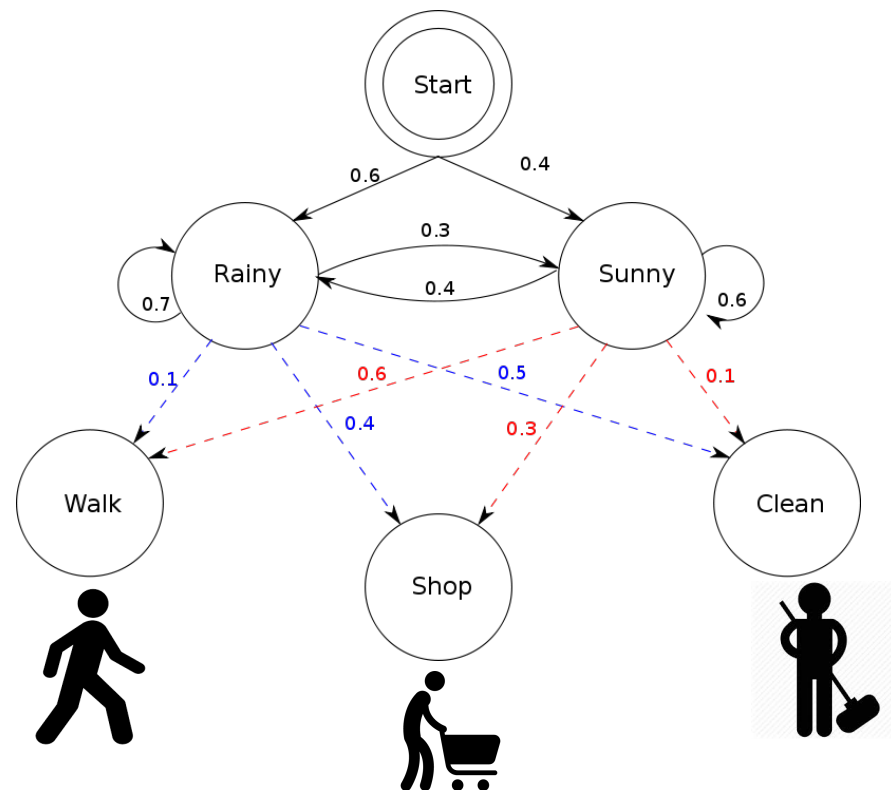


Sunny

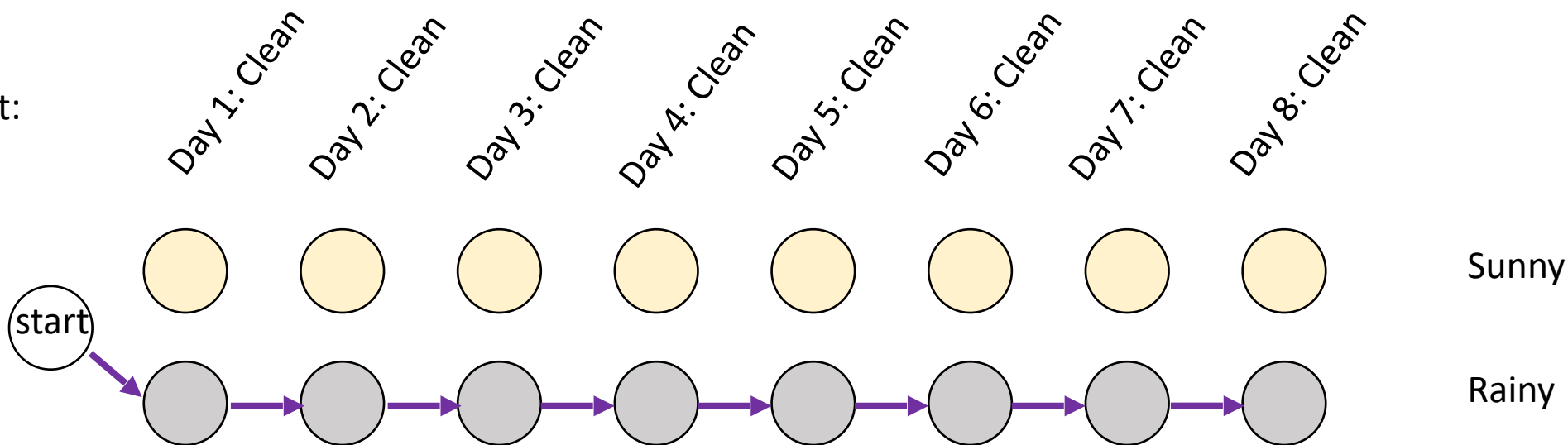
Rainy

HMMs: General Concept

What is the most probable path now?

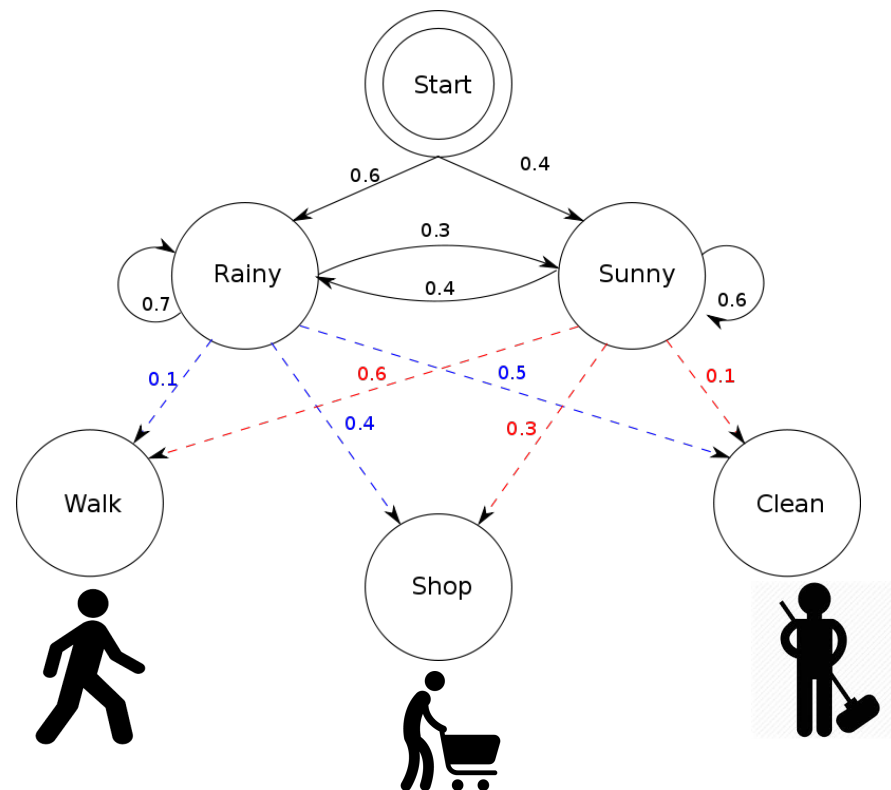


Observation List:

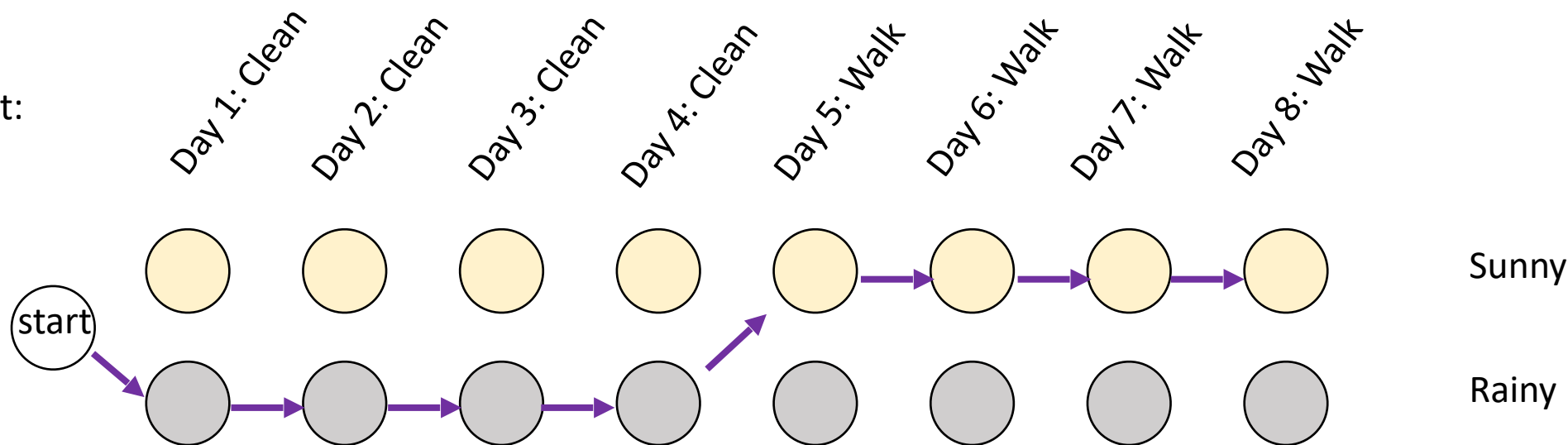


HMMs: General Concept

What is the most probable path now?

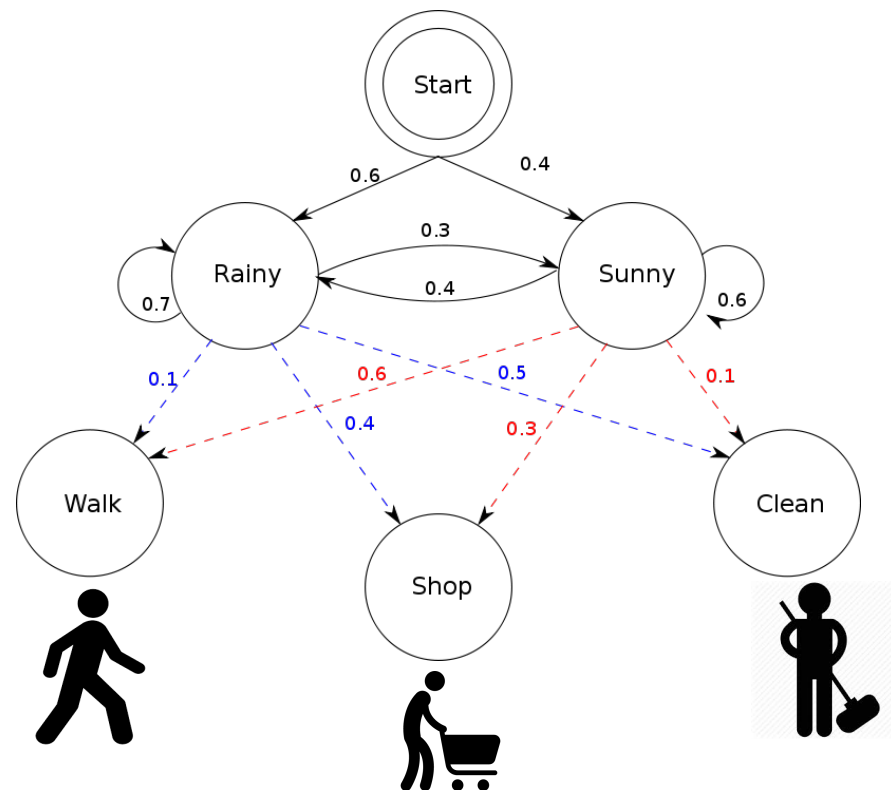


Observation List:

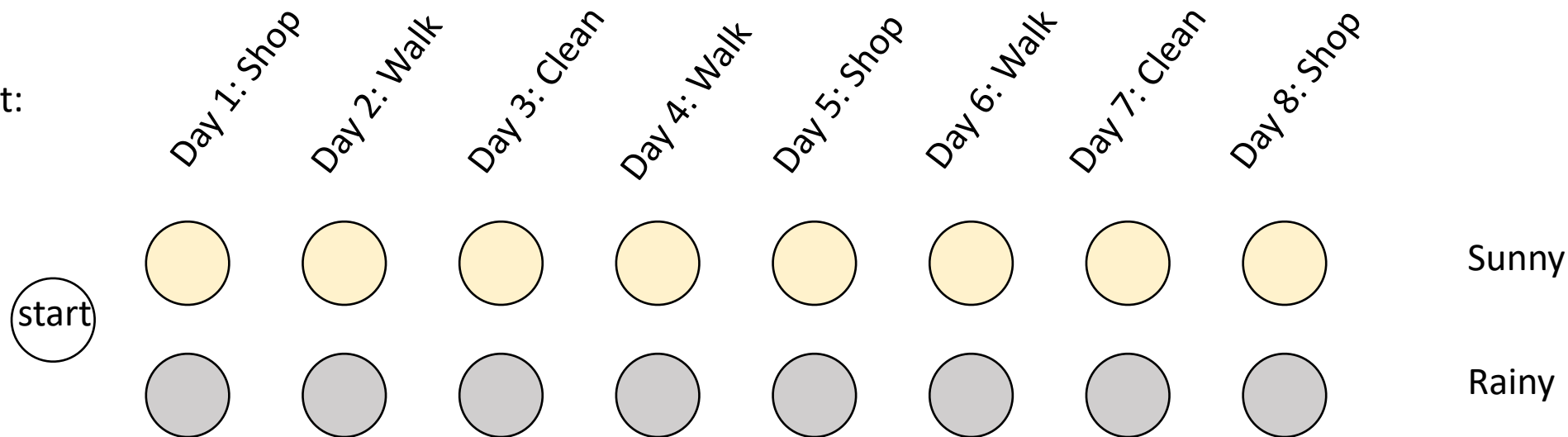


HMMs: General Concept

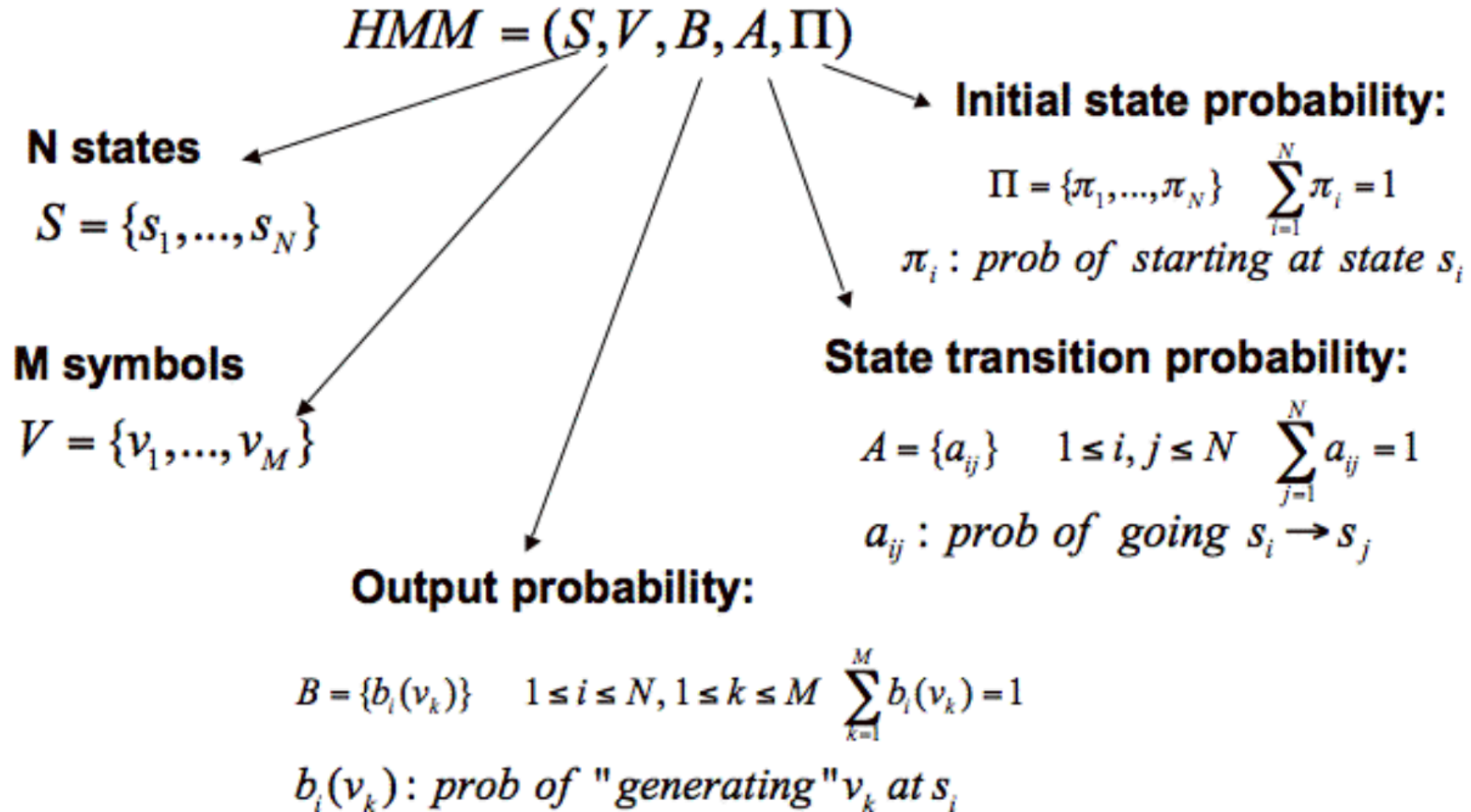
What about more complicated observations?



Observation List:



A general definition of HMM



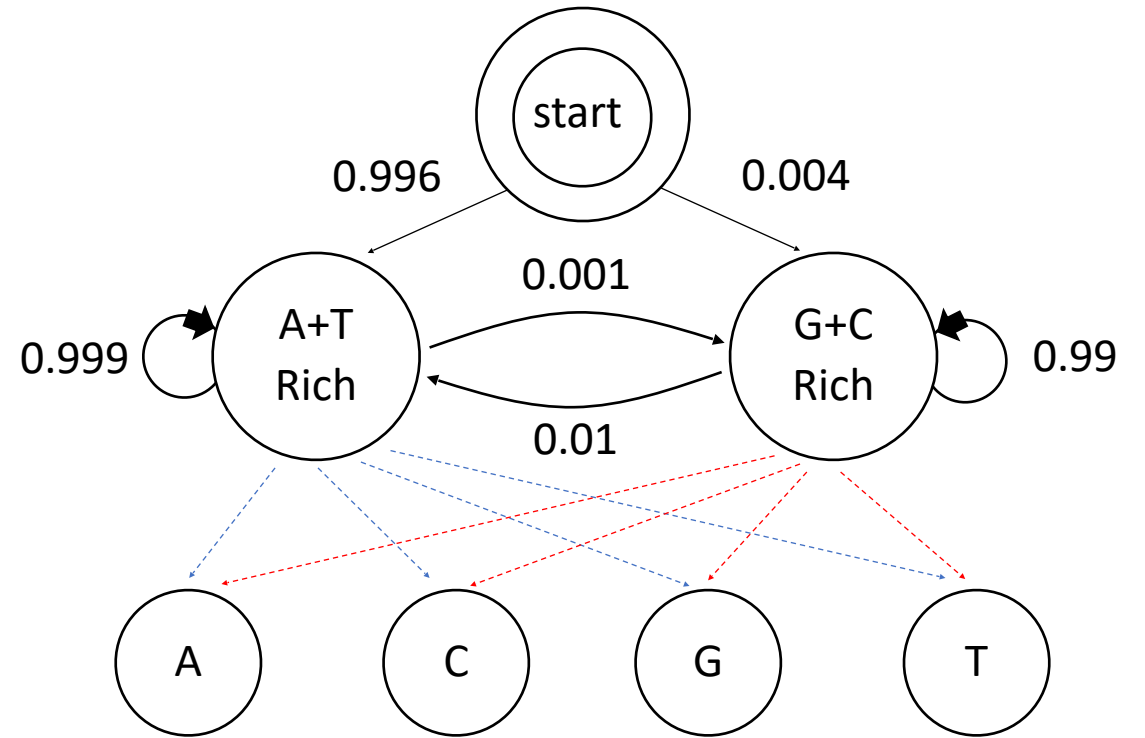
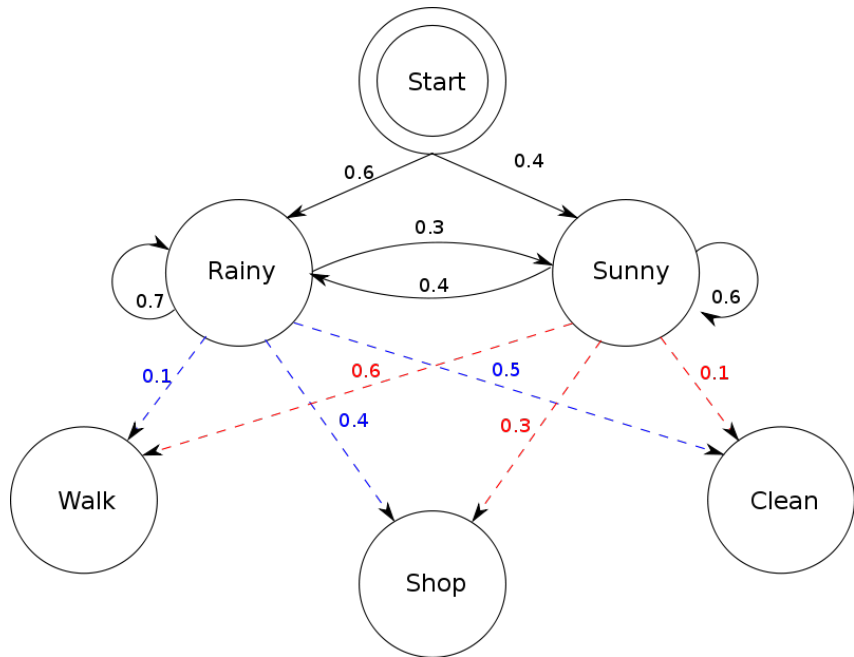
Three Basic Problems in HMMs

Given a set of observation sequences $O = O_1 O_2 \cdots O_T$
and the HMM parameters $\lambda = (A, B, \pi)$, computing
the probability $P(O|\lambda)$

Given a set of observation sequences $O = O_1 O_2 \cdots O_T$
and the HMM parameters $\lambda = (A, B, \pi)$, computing
the optimal state sequences

Given a set of observation sequences $O = O_1 O_2 \cdots O_T$
adjusting the HMM parameters $\lambda = (A, B, \pi)$ to
maximize the probability $P(O|\lambda)$

Applying this Concept To Genomics/HW



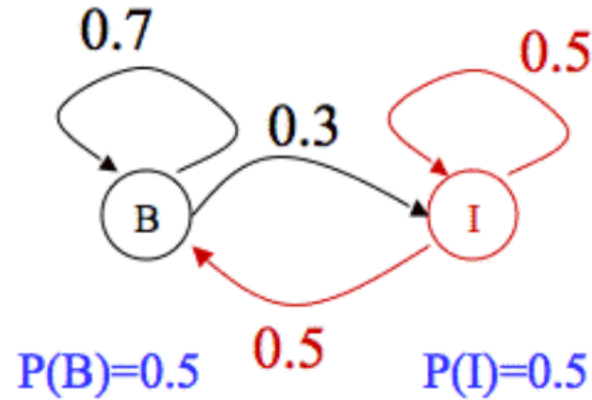
A = 0.291
 C = 0.209
 G = 0.209
 T = 0.291

A = 0.169
 C = 0.331
 G = 0.331
 T = 0.169

How to “generate” a sequence?

$P(x|B)$

$P(a|B)=0.25$
 $P(t|B)=0.40$
 $P(c|B)=0.10$
 $P(g|B)=0.25$



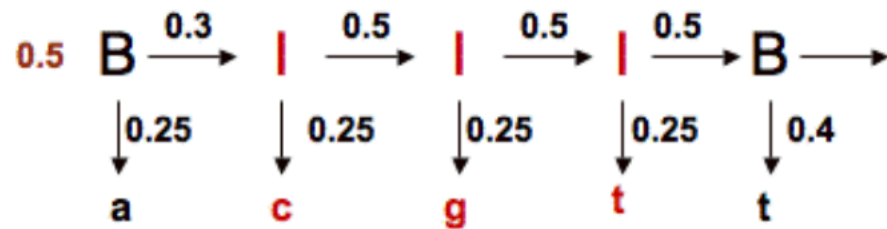
$P(x|I)$

$P(a|I)=0.25$
 $P(t|I)=0.25$
 $P(c|I)=0.25$
 $P(g|I)=0.25$

model

a c g t t ...

Sequence



$$P(\text{"BIIB"}, \text{"acggt"}) = p(B)p(a|B) p(I|B)p(c|I) p(I|I)p(g|I) p(I|I)p(t|I) p(B|I)p(t|B)$$

What's the most likely path?

