Genome 540 Discussion

Conor Camplisson

March 9th, 2023



Outline

- Related topics:
 - Snakemake overview
 - Example image processing pipeline

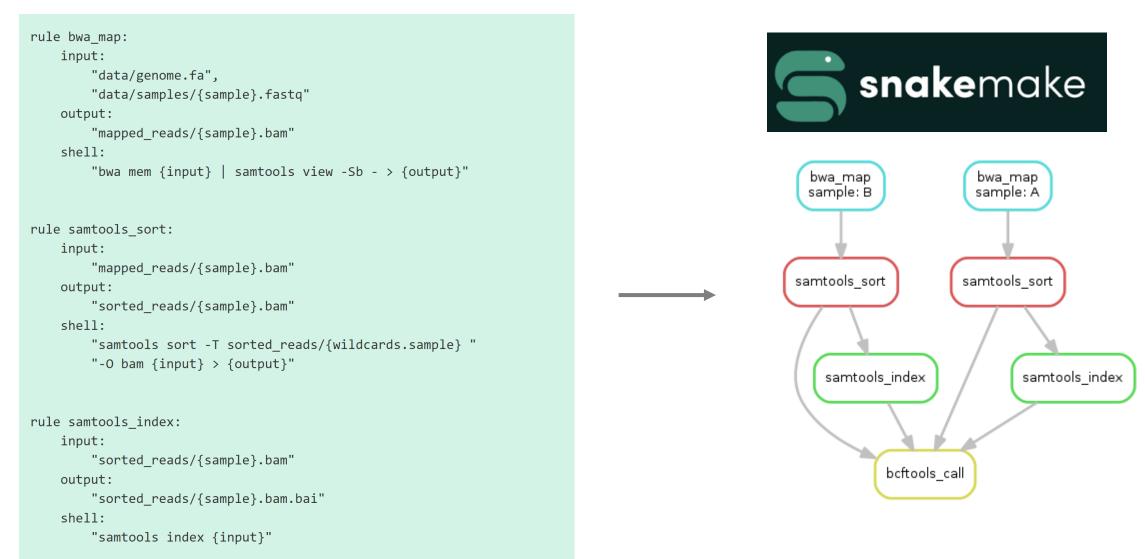
• Homework 9 Questions

Outline

- Related topics:
 - Snakemake overview
 - Example image processing pipeline

Homework 9 Questions

Intro to Snakemake



https://slides.com/johanneskoester/sustainable-data-analysis-with-snakemake-non-bio

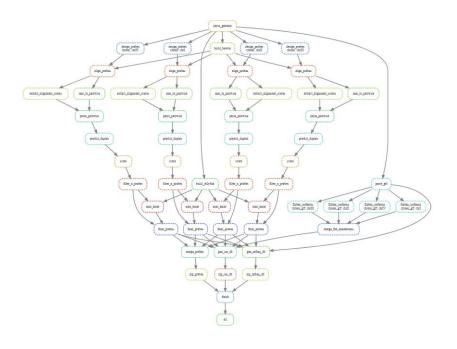
Intro to Snakemake

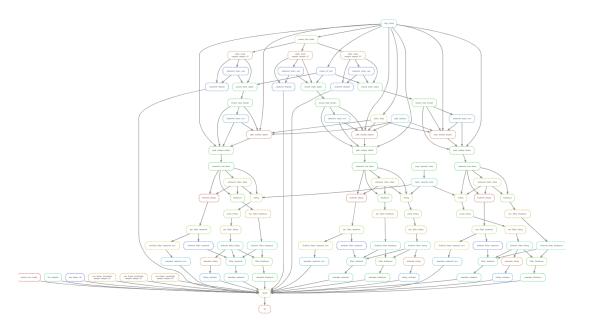
Why use virtual Snakemake?

Bash pipelines work. Snakemake just automates several tedious aspects:

- Automatic creation of target output directories, useful flags for temp files with (optional) auto-delete
- Many utils for logging, benchmarking resource usage, reporting, etc.
- --cluster switch for local (1 CPU) vs. parallel (cluster nodes) execution
 - edit pipeline locally, push to cluster/cloud, run same code at scale!
- Move on to next step, per file, as soon as it's available
 - Job dependency graph more efficient than iteration (resource utilization)
 - Listen for target output file creation asynchronously, start next job

Simple pipeline in Snakemake





PaintSHOP Pipeline

Snakemake pipeline for genome-scale mining of optimal homology sequences for PaintSHOP

yEvo Pipeline

Variant calling Snakemake pipeline for yEvo sequencing data



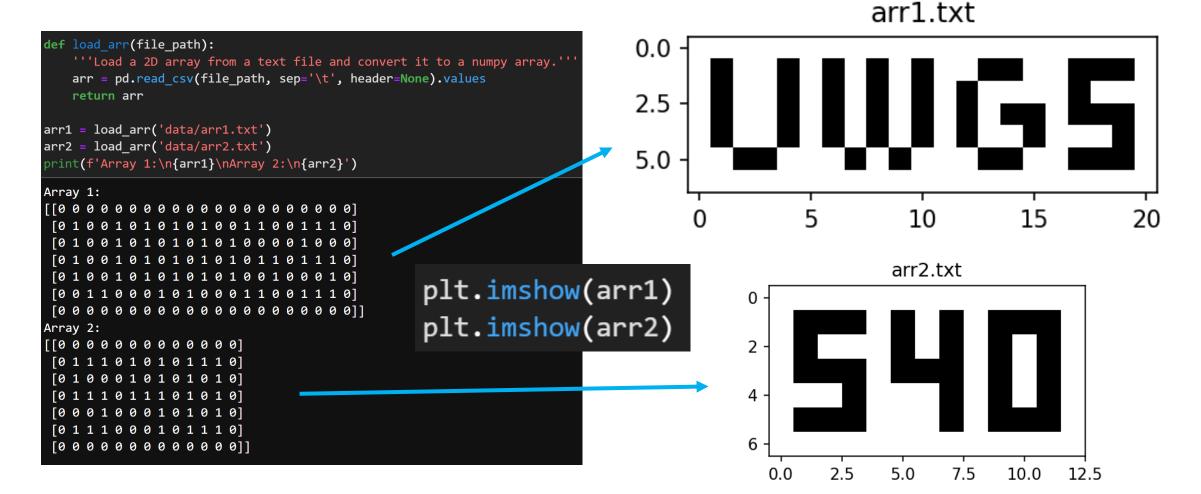




Images & Python

Load .txt files and convert to numpy

Visualize with matplotlib plt.imshow()



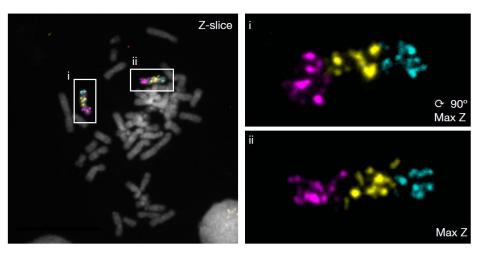
Snakemake Demo Plan: Image Processing



Pattern 1: 3-color side-by-side

Image processing with python and Snakemake

- Multidimensional array computing with numpy
 - An image == a numpy array
 - Pre-processing, matrix operations, masking, etc.
- Ideal for parallelization
 - Many images per experiment
 - Multiple channels per image, parallelize
- Ideal use case for cluster deployment (large data)
 - Snakemake greatly facilitates



Pipeline Specification

Input: .nd2 files (3D hyperstacks)

Steps: split channels, z-project, detect fluorescent objects (puncta), compute & plot stats

Output:

- plots of pixel intensity, spot size
- .csv file with stats per sample

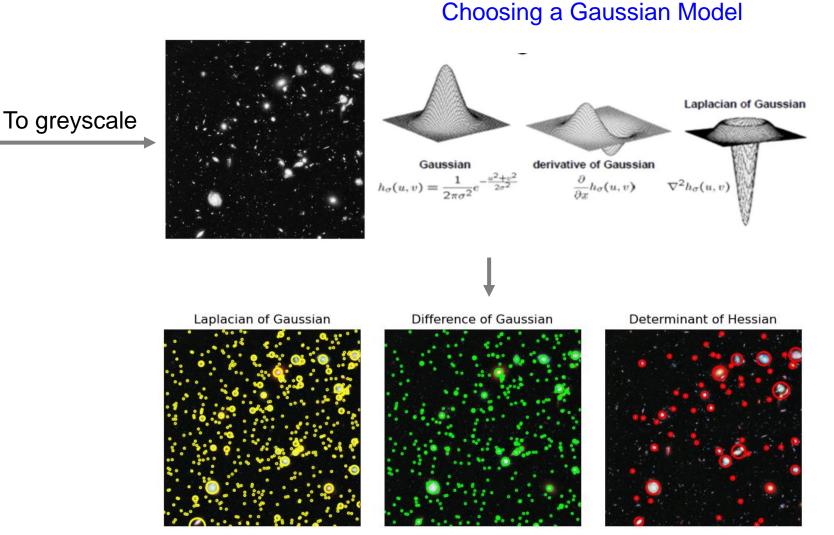
Blob detection with Gaussians

Hubble eXtreme Deep Field



Each bright dot in the image is a star or a galaxy.

Three different blob finding algorithms (all using Gaussian models) are used:



https://scikit-image.org/docs/stable/auto_examples/features_detection/plot_blob.html

Image Segmentation

Segmentation Problems

Segment:

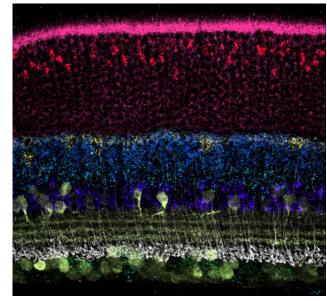
- A Chromosome into elevated/non-elevated CN (HW6, HW7)
- A genome into GC-rich/AT-rich states (HW8)
- An alignment into conserved/neutral states (HW9)

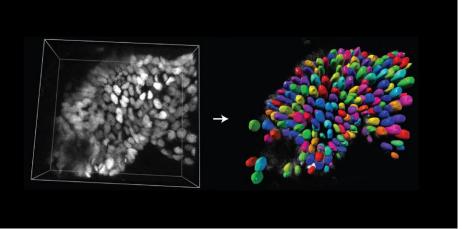
Answer for all pixels:

- [cell segmentation] Is this pixel in a cell?
 - Which pixels does this cell occupy?
- [nuclear segmentation] Is this pixel in the nucleus?
 - Which pixels does the nucleus occupy?

Active area of research:

- necessary to cash in on spatial bio wet lab technologies
- hard problems, diverse cell shapes, crowding, 3D
- Many recent machine learning approaches





GS 540:

Microscopy:

Some conceptual overlap

Segmentation Problems

elevated/non-elevated CN (HW6, HW7)

- GC-rich/AT-rich states (HW8)
- conserved/neutral states (HW9)

"Object Finding" Problems

Where are the "sites"?

- Build a data structure (HW1) or train a site model (HW3)
- Scan through every position in the 1D sequence and assess that position using model

Microscopy:

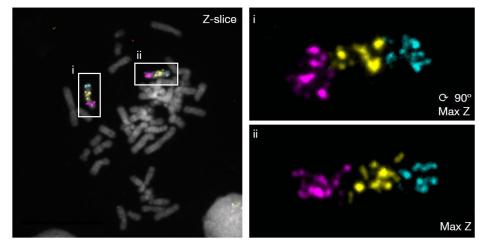
GS 540:

- Cell segmentation
- Nuclear segmentation
 - Other applications (astronomy, computer vision, etc.)

Where are the fluorescent spots?

- Use a Gaussian model
- Scan through every position in the 2D image and assess that position using model

Snakemake Demo: Image Processing



Pipeline Specification

Input: .nd2 files (3D hyperstacks)

Steps: split channels, z-project, detect fluorescent objects (puncta), compute & plot stats

Output:

- plots of pixel intensity, spot size
- .csv file with stats per sample

Added img_utils python package

ᢞ master ▾ GS540_snakemake_demo / img_utils /

٢	conorcamplisson add local img_utils python package
Ľ	_initpy
Ľ	image.py
Ľ	nd2_file.py
Ľ	plotting.py
Ľ	preprocess.py
Ľ	volume.py

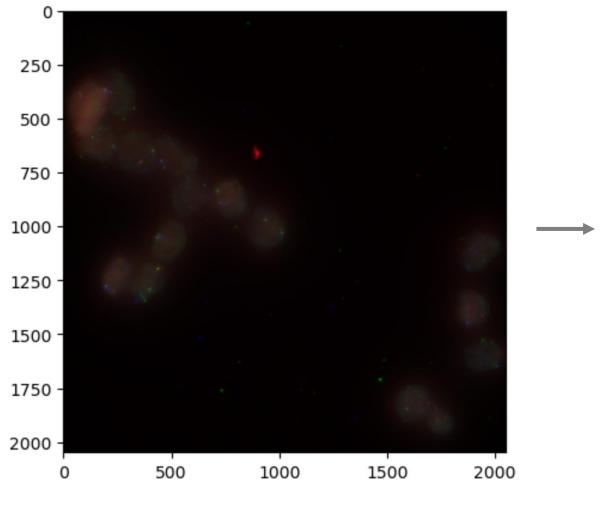


Access the demo pipeline repo:

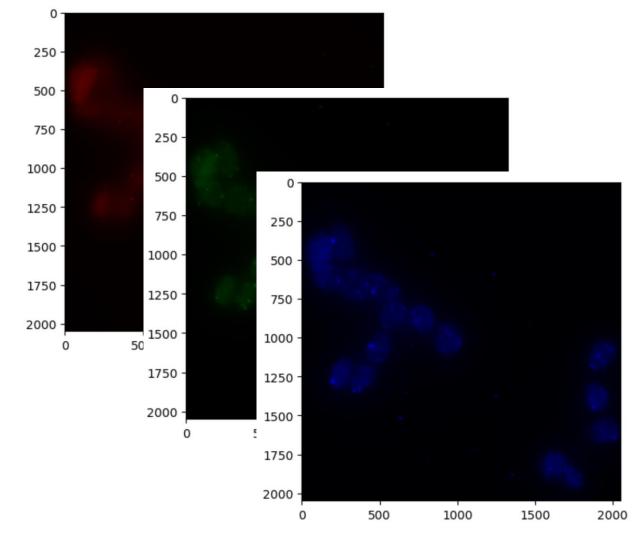
https://github.com/conorcamplisson/GS540_snakemake_demo

Step 1: load .nd2, split fluor channels

3D multi-channel hyperstack



Individual channel 3D z-stacks

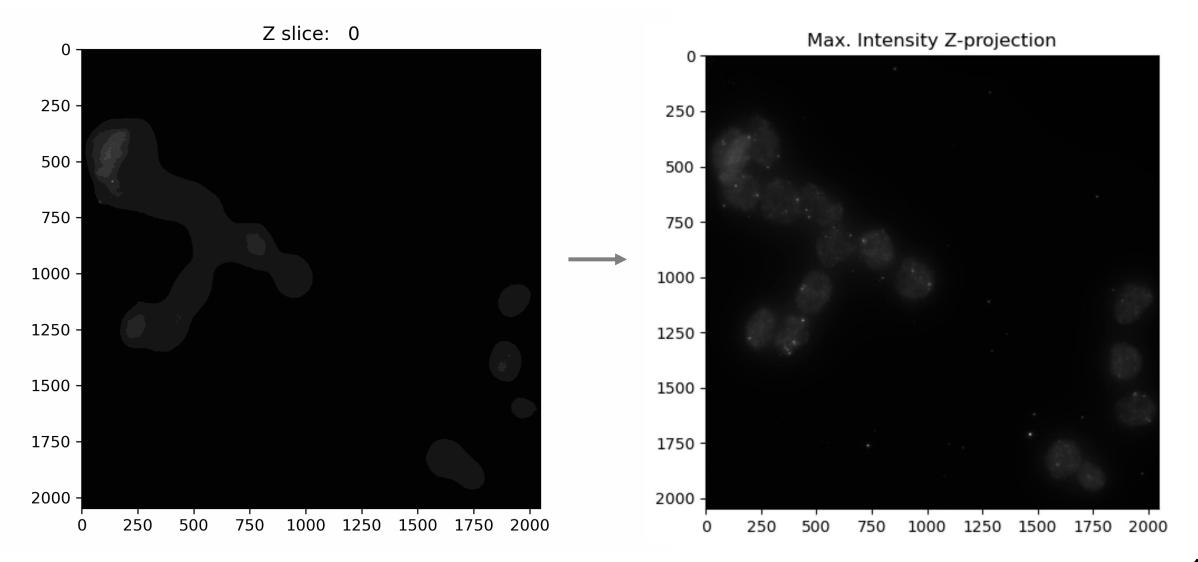


High level custom 'img_utils' api uses nd2reader under the hood

Step 2: Max. z-project each channel

Individual channel 3D z-stacks

2D max z-projections



Load .nd2, split channels, max z-project each channel

Snakemake rule:

```
rule split and max project:
    input:
       f'{IMG DIR}/{{image name}}.nd2'
   output:
        'pipeline output/01 max projected/{image name} c0.tiff',
        'pipeline_output/01_max_projected/{image_name}_c1.tiff',
        'pipeline_output/01_max_projected/{image_name}_c2.tiff',
        'pipeline output/01 max projected/{image name} c3.tiff',
    run:
        # initialize .nd2 file
        nd2 file = img utils.ND2File(input)
        # load and max-z project the 3D volume for each fluorescent channel
        for channel in nd2 file.channels:
            z stack = nd2 file.load volume(channel).img
            max img = np.max(z stack, axis=0)
            # normalize image and convert to 8-bit
            max img 8bit autoscaled = (normalize(max img) * 255).astype(np.uint8)
            # export 8-bit tiff to disk
            tifffile.imwrite(output[channel], max img 8bit autoscaled)
```

Load .nd2, split channels, max z-project each channel

```
import sys
                                                               / ··· / workflow / scripts /
   import numpy as np
   import tifffile
                                                              Name
  # import local img utils package
                                                               🔁 01_max_project.py
   sys.path.append('.')
   import img utils
                                                               2_find_objects.py
10
   # initialize .nd2 file
11
   nd2 file = img utils.ND2File(snakemake.input[0])
12
13
   # load and max-z project the 3D volume for each fluorescent channel
14
   for channel in nd2 file.channels:
15
16
       # Load z-stack as a 3D image volume
17
       z stack = nd2 file.load volume(channel).img
18
19
20
       # max project this z-stack
       max img = np.max(z stack, axis=0)
21
22
23
       # normalize image and convert to 8-bit
       max img 8bit autoscaled = (img utils.preprocess.normalize(max img) * 255).astype(np.uint8)
24
25
26
       # export 8-bit tiff to disk
       tifffile.imwrite(snakemake.output[channel], max_img_8bit_autoscaled)
27
28
```

Python script:

Load .nd2, split channels, max z-project each channel

rule split_and_max_project: input: f'{IMG_DIR}/{{image_name}}.nd2' output: 'pipeline_output/01_max_projected/{image_name}_c0.tiff', 'pipeline_output/01_max_projected/{image_name}_c1.tiff', 'pipeline_output/01_max_projected/{image_name}_c2.tiff', 'pipeline_output/01_max_projected/{image_name}_c3.tiff', script: 'scripts/01_max_project.py'

2D max z-projections

/ ··· / pipeline_output / 01_max_pro	jected /
Name	
khr6_p30-488_p27-565_p28-647_001_	c0.tiff
k chr6_p30-488_p27-565_p28-647_001_	c1.tiff
khr6_p30-488_p27-565_p28-647_001_	c2.tiff
k chr6_p30-488_p27-565_p28-647_001_	c3.tiff

Snakemake rule:

/ ··· / workflow / scripts /

Name

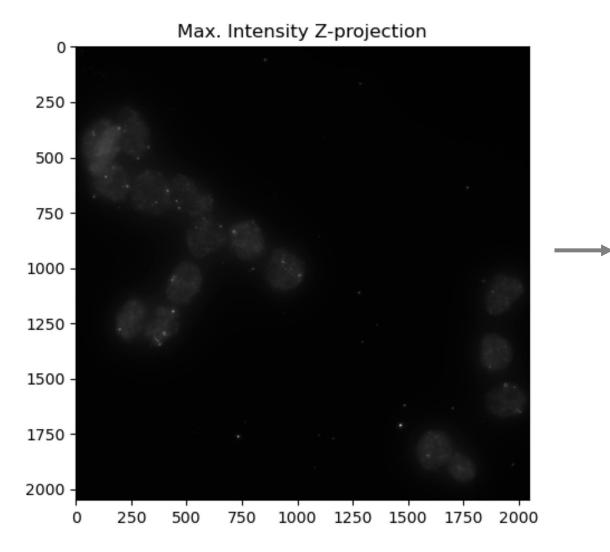
🔁 01_max_project.py

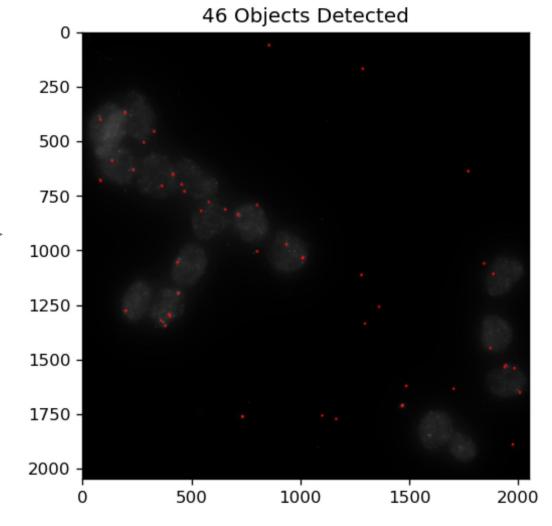
02_find_objects.py

Step 3: Find fluorescent objects

2D max z-projections

2D max z-projection





Find fluorescent objects

import re / ··· / workflow / scripts / import sys 4 Name 5 import pandas as pd import tifffile 2 01_max_project.py from skimage.feature import blob_log 7 2 find_objects.py # import local img_utils package sys.path.append('.') 10 11 import img utils 12 13 # Load and normalize tiff image tiff path = snakemake.input[0] 14 15 img = img_utils.preprocess.normalize(tifffile.imread(tiff_path)) 16 17 # find objects 18 results = blob_log(img, min_sigma=1, max_sigma=4, num_sigma=10) 19 20 df = pd.DataFrame({ 'x': results[:,0], 21 'y': results[:,1], 22 'sigma': results[:,2], 23 'image': snakemake.wildcards.image name, 24 25 'channel': re.findall('_c(\d).tiff', tiff_path).pop(), 26 }) 27 df.to_csv(snakemake.output[0], index=False) 28

Python script:

Find fluorescent objects

# find objects in each channel	
<pre>rule find_objects_c1:</pre>	
<pre>input: rules.split_and_max_project.output[1]</pre>	
<pre>output: 'pipeline_output/02_dataframes/{image_name}_c1.csv'</pre>	
<pre>script: 'scripts/02_find_objects.py'</pre>	
<pre>rule find_objects_c2:</pre>	
<pre>input: rules.split_and_max_project.output[2]</pre>	
<pre>output: 'pipeline_output/02_dataframes/{image_name}_c2.csv'</pre>	
<pre>script: 'scripts/02_find_objects.py'</pre>	
<pre>rule find_objects_c3:</pre>	
<pre>input: rules.split_and_max_project.output[3]</pre>	
<pre>output: 'pipeline_output/02_dataframes/{image_name}_c3.csv'</pre>	
<pre>script: 'scripts/02_find_objects.py'</pre>	

х	У	sigma	image	channel
1712	1467	2.67	chr6_p30-488_p27-565_p28-647_001	2
1762	734	2.00	chr6_p30-488_p27-565_p28-647_001	2
1198	440	2.00	chr6_p30-488_p27-565_p28-647_001	2
1621	1486	2.00	chr6_p30-488_p27-565_p28-647_001	2
1277	200	2.33	chr6_p30-488_p27-565_p28-647_001	2
1346	380	2.00	chr6_p30-488_p27-565_p28-647_001	2
60	856	2.00	chr6_p30-488_p27-565_p28-647_001	2
589	136	2.33	chr6_p30-488_p27-565_p28-647_001	2
730	468	2.00	chr6_p30-488_p27-565_p28-647_001	2
1294	399	2.00	chr6_p30-488_p27-565_p28-647_001	2
369	197	2.00	chr6_p30-488_p27-565_p28-647_001	2
1113	1280	2.00	chr6_p30-488_p27-565_p28-647_001	2
637	1770	2.00	chr6_p30-488_p27-565_p28-647_001	2

.csv dataframes

/ ··· / pipeline_output / 02_datafrar	nes /
Name	
⊞ chr6_p30-488_p27-565_p28-647_001	_c1.csv
⊞ chr6_p30-488_p27-565_p28-647_001	_c2.csv
chr6_p30-488_p27-565_p28-647_001	_c3.csv

Snakemake rules:

/ ··· / workflow / scripts /

Na<u>me</u>

01_max_project.py

02_find_objects.py

Starting a Snakemake pipeline

One useful pattern

final pipeline endpoint
rule all:
 input:
 'pipeline output/DONE.txt'

< pipeline logic here >

success

rule finish:

input: # TODO make this rule depend on the last upstream step(s) output: rules.all.input shell: 'touch {output}'

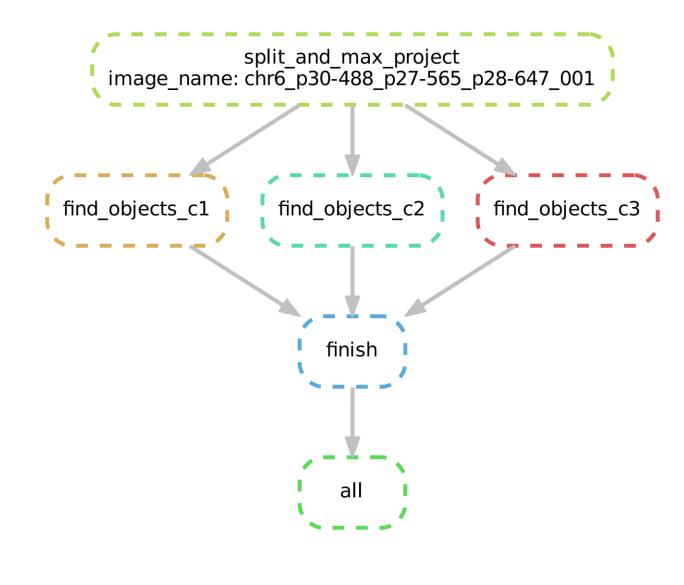
rule all: 'pipeline output/DONE.txt' rule split_and_max_project: f'{IMG_DIR}/{{image_name}}.nd2' output: 'pipeline_output/01_max_projected/{image_name}_c0.tiff', 'pipeline_output/01_max_projected/{image_name}_c1.tiff', 'pipeline_output/01_max_projected/{image_name}_c2.tiff', 'pipeline_output/01_max_projected/{image_name}_c3.tiff', script: 'scripts/01_max_project.py' rule find objects c1: input: rules.split_and_max_project.output[1] output: 'pipeline output/02 dataframes/{image name}_c1.csv' script: 'scripts/02 find objects.py' rule find objects c2: input: rules.split_and_max_project.output[2] output: 'pipeline output/02 dataframes/{image name} c2.csv' script: 'scripts/02_find_objects.py' rule find_objects_c3: input: rules.split_and_max_project.output[3] output: 'pipeline_output/02_dataframes/{image_name}_c3.csv' script: 'scripts/02_find_objects.py' rule finish:

expand(rules.find_objects_c1.output, image_name=IMG_NAMES), expand(rules.find_objects_c2.output, image_name=IMG_NAMES), expand(rules.find_objects_c3.output, image_name=IMG_NAMES), output:

rules.all.input
shell:

'touch {output}'

Starting a Snakemake pipeline



inal pipeline endpoint	
e all:	
input:	
'pipeline_output/DONE.txt'	

rule split_and_max_project:

input:

f'{IMG_DIR}/{{image_name}}.nd2'

output:

'pipeline_output/01_max_projected/{image_name}_c0.tiff', 'pipeline_output/01_max_projected/{image_name}_c1.tiff', 'pipeline_output/01_max_projected/{image_name}_c2.tiff', 'pipeline_output/01_max_projected/{image_name}_c3.tiff', script:

'scripts/01_max_project.py'

find objects in each channel

rule find_objects_c1:

input: rules.split_and_max_project.output[1]
output: 'pipeline_output/02_dataframes/{image_name}_c1.csv'
script: 'scripts/02 find objects.py'

rule find_objects_c2:

input: rules.split_and_max_project.output[2]

output: 'pipeline_output/02_dataframes/{image_name}_c2.csv'
script: 'scripts/02_find_objects.py'

rule find_objects_c3:

input: rules.split_and_max_project.output[3]

output: 'pipeline_output/02_dataframes/{image_name}_c3.csv'
script: 'scripts/02_find_objects.py'

success

rule finish:

input:

expand(rules.find_objects_c1.output, image_name=IMG_NAMES), expand(rules.find_objects_c2.output, image_name=IMG_NAMES), expand(rules.find_objects_c3.output, image_name=IMG_NAMES), output:

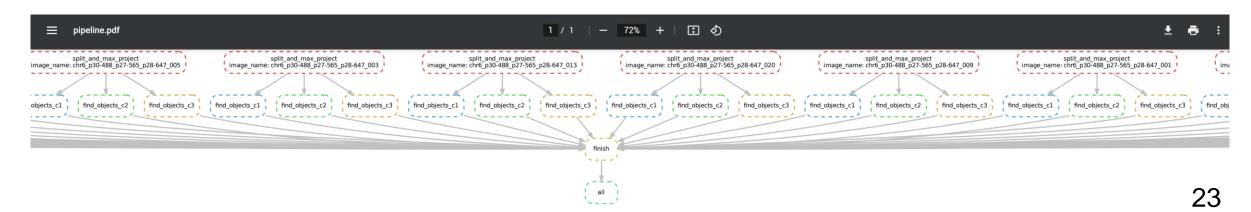
rules.all.input

shell:

'touch {output}'

Running at scale (parallelized)

						🖿 / 🚥 / pipeline_output / 02_dataframes /	
concamp@b0	<mark>01:/net/</mark> b	eliveau/vol1/project/conor/540_imgs/te	st_imgs \$	\$ q		Name	Last Modified
293012113	5.32093	jls	concamp	r	2023-03-03T10:34:32.404	🖽 chr6_p30-488_p27-565_p28-647_001_c1.csv	7 minutes ago
293099892	5.18687	<pre>snakejob.split_and_max_project.25.sh</pre>	concamp	r	2023-03-09T09:43:38.602	⊞ chr6_p30-488_p27-565_p28-647_001_c2.csv	6 minutes ago
293099895	5.18677	<pre>snakejob.split_and_max_project.39.sh</pre>	concamp	r	2023-03-09T09:43:38.706	⊞ chr6_p30-488_p27-565_p28-647_001_c3.csv	7 minutes ago
293099898	5.18666	<pre>snakejob.split_and_max_project.11.sh</pre>	concamp	r	2023-03-09T09:43:38.902	⊞ chr6_p30-488_p27-565_p28-647_002_c1.csv	6 minutes ago
293099899	5.18656	<pre>snakejob.split_and_max_project.19.sh</pre>	concamp	r	2023-03-09T09:43:39.078	⊞ chr6_p30-488_p27-565_p28-647_002_c2.csv	6 minutes ago
293099900	5.18646	<pre>snakejob.split_and_max_project.5.sh</pre>	concamp	r	2023-03-09T09:43:39.249	⊞ chr6_p30-488_p27-565_p28-647_002_c3.csv	6 minutes ago
293099901	5.18636	<pre>snakejob.split_and_max_project.33.sh</pre>	concamp	r	2023-03-09T09:43:39.417	⊞ chr6_p30-488_p27-565_p28-647_003_c1.csv	6 minutes ago
293099902	5.18627	<pre>snakejob.split_and_max_project.27.sh</pre>	concamp	r	2023-03-09T09:43:39.602	⊞ chr6_p30-488_p27-565_p28-647_003_c2.csv	7 minutes ago
293099903	5.18617	<pre>snakejob.split_and_max_project.13.sh</pre>	concamp	r	2023-03-09T09:43:39.776		6 minutes ago
293099904	5.18608	<pre>snakejob.split_and_max_project.41.sh</pre>	concamp	r	2023-03-09T09:43:39.957	⊞ chr6_p30-488_p27-565_p28-647_004_c1.csv	6 minutes ago
293099905	5.18599	<pre>snakejob.split_and_max_project.35.sh</pre>	concamp	r	2023-03-09T09:43:40.126		6 minutes ago
293099906	5.18590	snakejob.split and max project.21.sh	concamp	r	2023-03-09T09:43:40.298	E chr6_p30-488_p27-565_p28-647_004_c3.csv	6 minutes ago
293099907	5.18582	snakejob.split_and_max_project.7.sh	concamp	r	2023-03-09T09:43:40.475	E chr6_p30-488_p27-565_p28-647_005_c1.csv	6 minutes ago
93099908	5.18574	snakejob.split_and_max_project.15.sh	concamp	r	2023-03-09T09:43:40.639	⊞ chr6_p30-488_p27-565_p28-647_005_c2.csv	6 minutes ago
293099909	5.18565	snakejob.split and max project.29.sh	concamp	r	2023-03-09T09:43:40.822	⊞ chr6_p30-488_p27-565_p28-647_005_c3.csv	6 minutes ago
293099910	5.18557	<pre>snakejob.split_and_max_project.23.sh</pre>	concamp	r	2023-03-09T09:43:40.990	Ghr6_p30-488_p27-565_p28-647_006_c1.csv chr6_p30-488_p27-565_p28-647_006_c2.csv chr6_p30-488_p27-565_p28-648_p20-588_p27-565_p28-648_p20-588_p27-588_p28-588_p27-5888_p27-588_p27-588	6 minutes ago 6 minutes ago
293099911	5.18550	snakejob.split and max project.9.sh	concamp	r	2023-03-09T09:43:41.182	☐ chr6 p30-488 p27-565 p28-647_006 c3.csv	6 minutes ago
293099912	5.18542	snakejob.split and max project.37.sh	concamp	r	2023-03-09T09:43:41.345		6 minutes ago
293099913	5.18534	<pre>snakejob.split_and_max_project.31.sh</pre>	concamp	r	2023-03-09T09:43:41.515	☐ chr6_p30-488_p27-565_p28-647_007_c1.csv	6 minutes ago
2930999914	5.18527	<pre>snakejob.split_and_max_project.17.sh</pre>	concamp	r	2023-03-09T09:43:41.688	☐ chr6_p30-488_p27-565_p28-647_007_c3.csv	6 minutes ago
2930999915	5.18520	<pre>snakejob.split_and_max_project.3.sh</pre>	concamp	r	2023-03-09T09:43:41.869	E chr6_p30-488_p27-565_p28-647_008_c1.csv	6 minutes ago
	5410520		concamp	-		E chr6_p30-488_p27-565_p28-647_008_c2.csv	7 minutes ago



Outline

• Related topics:

- Snakemake overview
- Example image processing pipeline

• Homework 9 Questions

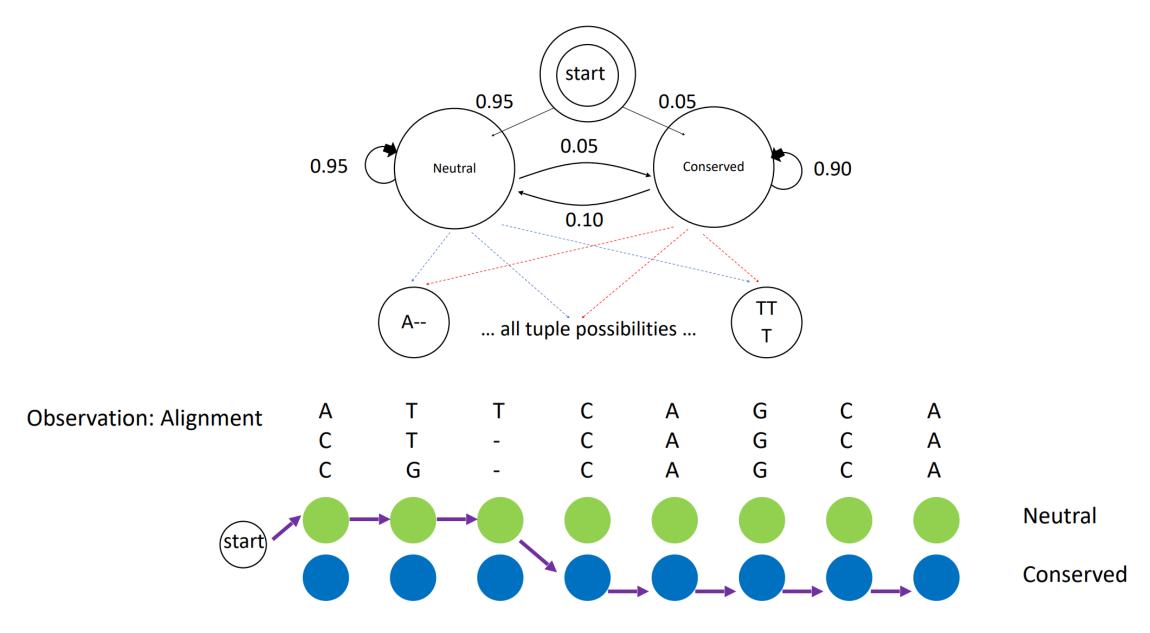
Homework 9 Overview

- ENCODE region 010 (chromosome 7)
- Multiple alignment of human, dog, and mouse
- 2 states:
 - neutral (fast-evolving)
 - conserved (slow-evolving)
- Emitted symbols are multiple alignment columns (e.g. 'AAT')
- Viterbi parse (no iteration)

CX HW9 slides:

http://bozeman.genome.washington.edu/compbio/mbt599_2022/TA_discussion/class20.pdf

HW9 – Model Structure



HW9 – Model Parameters

Alignment Column Counts Provided

Ancient	Repeat S	equences	Putative	e Functi	ional Sites
AAA AAC AAT AAG AA- ACA ACC ACT ACG AC- ATA ATC ATT ATG AT- AGA AGC AGT AGG AG- A-A A-C A-T A-G	10222095 481243 420185 1415675 273456 852624 179459 99493 167810 29636 874547 113150 220714 185789 32253 2116012 139953 131553 881616 73372 760405 57350 56348 155911	1 st base: hur 2 nd base: do 3 rd base: mo	g	AAA AAC AAT AAG AA- ACA ACC ACT ACG AC- ATA ACG AC- ATA ATC ATT ATG AT- AGA AGC AGT AGG AG- A-A A-C A-T A-G	2375583 21337 10886 56328 3205 33210 12122 2270 5187 374 21805 2871 7426 4369 294 81919 4455 2735 50413 796 6234 557 350 1349
A	39186			A	1282

Calculate Emission Probabilities

- For 'neutral' state emission probabilities, use observed frequencies in neutral data set (ancient repeat sequences)
- For 'conserved' state emission probabilities, use observed frequencies in functional data set

Initiation, Transition Probabilities

• Given in problem set description

HW9 – Input Data

Original maf format:

- Sequences broken into alignment blocks based on the species included
- Official file format specs

Homework file format:

- Only 3 species
- Gaps in human sequence were removed and ambiguous bases replaced with 'A' for simplicity

hg18 canFam2	152767699-152767743 ATAAAAACATTAAAAAAAAATCAGCCACAGGACTTGGTCTTGGACC
hg18 canFam2	CAAGTTAGAGCTAGGCCATGCTTGCTTAAAGGAGTGGCTGTAATTTTAAACAAGGCTAGTGGGAAAGT
mm9	

HW9 – Output

Output

- State and segment histograms
- Parameter values
 - Initiation/transition probabilities you were given in the assignment
 - Emission probabilities you calculated from neutral and conserved data sets
- Coordinates of 10 longest conserved segments (report positions relative to the start of the chromosome)
- Brief annotations for the 5 longest conserved segments (look at UCSC genome browser, and make sure using the correct genome version, e.g. hg18)

HW9 – Output

State Histogram: 1=5 2=3

Segment Histogram: 1=2 2=1 Initial State Probabilities: 1=0.90000 2=0.10000

Transition Probabilities: 1,1=0.99000 1,2=0.01000 2,1=0.20000 2,2=0.80000 Emission Probabilities: 1,A--=0.20000

1, A-A=0.20000 1, A-C=0.20000 1, A-G=0.20000 1, A-T=0.20000 . 2, A--=0.10000 2, A-A=0.20000 2, A-C=0.25000 2, A-G=0.25000 2, A-T=0.20000 etc..

Longest Segment List:

116741000 116752000 116745000 116756000 etc.. (give 10 longest from state 2)

Annotations:

Start: 116741000 End: 116752000 Overlaps with exon3 of the protein coding gene cMyc

Start: 116745000 End: 116756000 Overlaps with exon4 of the protein coding gene cMyc

etc.. (give 5 longest)